

# **OPTIDRIVE**<sup>™</sup> elevator



## Quick Start-up Guide

### for geared/induction motor applications

Please refer to the 'Optidrive P2 Elevator User Guide' for complete safety and operating instructions, this can be found at **www.invertekdrives.com** or by scanning this QR code



#### Step 1 Electrical connections

- Step 2 Motor nameplate data entry
- Step 3 Encoder nameplate data entry (if an encoder is used)
- Step 4 Motor auto-tune
- Control terminal connections (default)
- Speed profile setup
- Digital input configuration parameter (P1-13)
- Optimising & improving travel comfort
- Fault messages
- Useful parameters

Step 1 Electrical connections							
Action		Additional Information					
Connect Motor	□ Check phases = U>U, V>V, W>W						
Connect Braking	Connect resistor to '+' and 'BR'	kW	HP	Min resistance 200-240VAC 1 Phase Input	Min resistance 200-240VAC 3 Phase Input	Min resistance 380-480VAC 3 Phase Input	Suggested resistor power rating (W)
Resistor	lonnindis	0.75	1	50			1000
		1.5	2	32			1000
		2.2	3	25			1000
		4	5		20	50	1000
		5.5	7.5		20	40	1500
		7.5	10		22	40	2000
		11	15		22	40	3000
		15	20		12	22	4000
		18.5	25		12	22	4500
		22	30		6	22	5000
		30	40		6	12	7000
		37	50		6	12	8000
the encoder to the drive using the	type is installed.	• Encoder connections:					
Encoder	wiring is correct.	Term	inal	ENCOD-IN	ENCHT	IN	
Module		1	2	A A/	A A/		
		3	3	В	В		
		4	ļ	B/	B/		
	(f) mum	5	5	+5V	*No Conne	ection	
		e		0V	*No Conne	ection	
		*Provide 24V to the Encoder from an external po- or use T1 (24V) and T7 (0V) of drive control term				ver source, inals.	
	<ul> <li>Apply rated voltage to the drive.</li> <li>L1 &gt; L1 , L2 &gt; L2,</li> <li>L3 &gt; L3</li> <li>Check that the drive displays</li> <li>StaP or I nh ib it.</li> </ul>	See 'Fault Messages' section if a fault message is shown.					

Step 2 Motor nameplate data entry					
	Action	Additional Information			
Open advanced parameter access	Set <b>P</b> 1-14 to 201				
Enable Geared (IM) motor control	Set <b>P</b> 4-01 to 0	Advanced Vector Control			
Enter motor rated voltage	Enter value into <b>P</b> 1-07	Enter Voltage value as shown on the motor nameplate (Volts).			
Enter Motor Rated Current	Enter value into <b>P</b> 1-08	Enter Current value as shown on the motor nameplate (Amps).			
Enter Motor Rated Frequency	Enter value into <b>P</b> 1-09	Enter Frequency value as shown on the motor nameplate (Hz).			
Enter Motor Rated Speed	Enter value into <b>P</b> 1-10	Obtained from Motor nameplate. The drive will now operate in Rpm.			
Enter Motor     power factor     Cos Ø	Enter value into <b>P</b> 4-05*	Obtained from Motor nameplate *If Motor power factor is unknown use Vector IM speed control instead ( <b>P</b> 4-01 to a 1).			

Step 3 Encode	er nameplate data e	entry (if an encoder is used)
	Action	Additional Information
Enable Encoder	Set <b>P</b> 6-05 to 1	Enables Encoder Feedback
Enter Encoder Type	Enter Encoder Pulses per revolution value into <b>P</b> 6-06	Enter value as shown on encoder nameplate/ datasheet e.g. 1024

#### Step 4 Motor auto-tune

A Motor Auto-tune must be carried out in order to measure the motor electrical characteristics, brakes will be applied by the drive (unless controlled by other means) during this test.

	Action	Additional Information		
If motor contactor(s	) are controlled by the elevat	or controller check that they are closed.		
□ Close Safe Torque off input connections	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 99999999999999999 Safety relay	Drive should now show 5EpP if not see 'Fault messages' section of this guide.		
□ Enable Motor Auto-tune	Set P4-02 to a 1 and press the 💽 button.	The display will show <i>RUED-E</i> . Once the Auto-tune is completed <b>P</b> 4-02 will return to 0 and the display will show <i>SEDP</i> ( <b>P</b> 7-01 thru to <b>P</b> 7-06 will be populated). <b>Note:</b> Motor Auto-tune will need to be repeated if the motor, motor cables, motor parameters or drive control mode is changed in <b>P</b> 4-01.		



#### Control terminal connections (default)

#### Digital input configuration parameter (P1-13)

The below table assumes the drive already has a direction command given i.e. Terminal 2 or 3 input is high

P1-13	Digital Input 3 (T4)	Analog Input 1 (T6)	Analog Input 2 (T10)	Active Speed
	1	0	0	<b>P</b> 2-02 (HighSpeed)
1	0 or 1	0	1	P2-03 (Intermediate Speed)
(Option 1) Default	0 or 1	1	0 or 1	<b>P</b> 2-04 (Inspection Speed)
	0	0	0	P2-01 (Levelling Speed)
	1	0	*]	P2-02 (High Speed)
2	0 or 1	1	*]	P2-04 (Inspection Speed)
(Option 2)	0	0	*]	P2-01 (Levelling Speed)
			-	· · ( · - ·····3 · ·)
2	1	0	0	P2-02 (High Speed)
(Option 3)	0 or 1	1	0	P2-04 (Inspection Speed)
(0)	0	0	0	<b>P</b> 2-01 (Levelling Speed)
_	1	0	**]	P2-02 (High Speed)
4 (Option 4)	0 or 1	1	**1	<b>P</b> 2-04 (Inspection Speed)
(op	0	0	**]	P2-01 (Levelling Speed)
5 (Option 5)	Brake release monitoring function see 'Optidrive P2 Elevator User Guide'			tidrive P2 Elevator User Guide'
	0	0	0	<b>P</b> 2-01
	1	0	0	<b>P</b> 2-02
6	0	1	0	<b>P</b> 2-03
(Option 6)	1	1	0	<b>P</b> 2-04
(Multispeed	0	0	1	<b>P</b> 2-05 (Max 5.0Hz)
Selection)	1	0	1	<b>P</b> 2-06
	0	1	1	<b>P</b> 2-07
	0	1	'	

#### 1 =Input High 0 =Input Low

\* If 0 the drive will trip on External trip or F-Ptc if a motor thermistor fitted and Ptc-th has been selected in P2-33.

\*\* If 0 drive will fast stop using deceleration ramp in time set in **P**2-25., if **P**2-25 is zero the drive will coast to stop.



Optimising & improving travel comfort					
Symptom	Possible Cause	Control Modes	Possible Corrective Actions	Notes	
1 – Rollback During starting	Brake release time maybe too short.	<b>P</b> 4-01 = 0-3	Increase <b>P</b> 3-07 (Brake Release time)	P2-02 (HighSpeed)	
		<b>P</b> 4-01 = 0,1,2	Increase <b>P</b> 4-03 (Speed Controller P-Gain)/ decrease <b>P</b> 4-04 (Speed Controller I-Gain)	Higher value=faster response/ Eliminates steady state speed error.	
		<b>P</b> 4-01 = 0,1,2	If Modifying <b>P</b> P4-03/ <b>P</b> 4-04 is not successful use Closed loop (With Encoder)		
		<b>P</b> 4-01 = 2	If Modifying P4-03/P4-04 is not successful Increase value in parameter P1-11 (V/F Mode Voltage Boost).	Take care when modifying Increasing too high could overheat the motor	
1 – Jerk Felt During starting	Brake not releasing quick enough	<b>P</b> 4-01 = 0,1,2	Reduce <b>P</b> 3-07 (Brake Release time)		
	Acceleration time too short	<b>P</b> 4-01 = 0,1,2	Increase <b>P</b> 3-01 (Acceleration S-Ramp 1 duration)		
2 – Vibration during speed transition	Speed Loop gains need adjusting	<b>P</b> 4-01 = 0,1	Reduce <b>P</b> 4-03 (Speed Controller Proportional gain) & Adjust <b>P</b> 4-04 (Speed Controller Integral gain) to reduce steady state speed error.	If proportional gain is set to low the system response will be slow, if too high the system could become unstable and show as Vibration.	
3 - Jerk Felt	Brake coming on too early	<b>P</b> 4-01 = 0,1,2	Decrease <b>P</b> 3-09 (brake apply speed). or Use motor Brake control option 2, see 10.6.2		
During stopping	Deceleration time too short	<b>P</b> 4-01 = 0,1,2	Increase <b>P</b> 3-01 (Acceleration S-Ramp 1 duration)		

3 – Floor Levelling- Short	Drive is reaching current limit and extending ramp time	<b>P</b> 4-01 = 0,1,2	Check drive current rating matches system requirements. Increase P4-07(Motoring Torque Limit)/ P4-09 (Regen current limit)	Check that increasing <b>P</b> 4-07/ <b>P</b> 4-09 is in line with the capability for the connected motor.
	Speed Loop gains need adjusting	<b>P</b> 4-01 = 0,1	Increase P4-03 (Speed Controller Proportional gain) to achieve faster response & Adjust P4-04 (Speed Controller Integral gain) to reduce steady state speed error.	If proportional gain is set to low the system response will be slow, if too high the system could become unstable and show as Vibration.
	Motor data incorrect causing error between commanded and actual speed	<b>P</b> 4-01 = 0,1 Open Loop	<ul> <li>Check that the motor nameplate data (P1-09, P1-10) are correct and that an autotune has been successful.</li> <li>Adjust Motor rated speed (P1-10) to increase/decrease slip amount.</li> </ul>	
	Levelling time too short	<b>P</b> 4-01 = 0,1,2	Increase <b>P</b> 3-05 (Levelling S-ramp duration)	

#### Notes

Fault me	essages	
Fault Code	Description	Corrective Action
OL-br	Brake resistor overload	The drive software has determined that the brake resistor is overloaded (based on the values entered in P3-13 and P3-14), and trips to protect the resistor. Always ensure the brake resistor is being operated within its designed parameter before making any parameter or system changes. To reduce the load on the resistor, increase deceleration the time, reduce the load inertia or add further brake resistors in parallel, observing the minimum resistance value for the drive in use.
0-1 h 0-1	Instantaneous over current on drive output. Excess load on the motor.	Fault Occurs on Drive Enable         Check the motor and motor connection cable for phase – phase         and phase – earth short circuits.         Check the load mechanically for a jam, blockage or stalled         condition         Ensure the motor nameplate parameters are correctly entered,         P1-07, P1-08, P1-09.         If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), also check the         motor power factor in P4-05 and ensure an autotune has been         successfully completed for the connected motor.         Reduced the Boost voltage setting in P1-11         Increase the ramp up time in P1-03         If the connected motor has a holding brake, ensure the brake is         correctly connected and controlled, and is releasing correctly         Fault Occurs When Running         If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), reduce the speed         loop gain in P4-03
I_Ł-Łr₽	Drive has tripped on overload after delivering >100% of value in <b>P</b> 1-08 for a period of time.	Check to see when the decimal points are flashing (drive in overload) and either increase acceleration rate or reduce the load. Ensure the motor nameplate parameters are correctly entered in P1-07, P1-08, and P1-09 If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), also check the motor power factor in P4-05 and ensure an autotune has been successfully completed for the connected motor. Check the load mechanically to ensure it is free, and that no jams, blockages or other mechanical faults exist
0- volt	Over voltage on DC bus	The value of the DC Bus Voltage can be displayed in <b>P</b> 0-20 This fault is generally caused by excessive regenerative energy being transferred from the load back to the drive during braking. Increase the deceleration ramp time <b>P</b> 1-04. Check a suitable brake resistor is connected to the drive. If operating in Vector Mode, reduce the speed loop gain <b>P</b> 4-03
U-uort	Under voltage on DC bus	This occurs routinely when power is switched off. If it occurs during running, check the incoming supply voltage, and all connections into the drive, fuses, contactors etc.

E-Er iP	External trip	E-trip requested on control input terminals. Some settings of <b>P</b> 1-13 require a normally closed contactor to provide an external means of tripping the drive in the event that an external device develops a fault. If a motor thermistor is connected check if the motor is too hot.		
P-Lo55	Input phase loss trip	Drive intended for use with a 3 phase supply, one input phase has been disconnected or lost.		
OUE-F	Drive output fault	Drive output fault. Check correct control terminal connections. Check for output contactor faults.		
520-F	Internal STO circuit Error	Check supply to terminal T12 is >18V, otherwise Refer to your Invertek Sales Partner		
Enc-01	Encoder Feedback	Encoder communication /data loss		
SP-Err	Faults (Only visible when an encoder module is fitted and enabled)	Encoder Speed Error. The % error between the measured encoder feedback speed and the drive estimated rotor speed is greater than the value set in <b>P</b> 6-07.		
Enc-03		Incorrect Encoder PPR count set in parameters		
Enc-O4		Encoder Channel A Fault		
Enc-05		Encoder Channel B Fault		
Enc-06		Encoder Channels A & B Fault		
ОИЕ-РҺ	Output (Motor) Phase Loss	One of the motor output phases is not connected to the drive, check motor is connected.		

Useful parameters			
Parameter	Function		
P1-01	Maximum Frequency		
P2-24	Output PWM switching frequency		
P3-06	Output contactor closing time		
P3-07	Brake release time		
P3-08	Brake Apply delay		
P3-09	Brake Apply speed		
P3-10	Zero speed holding time on disable		
P4-01	Motor control mode (0=Advanced vector, 1=Basic vector, 2=V/F mode)		
P4-03	Speed loop P-gain		
P4-04	Speed loop I-gain		